

Automate Security and Compliance Scanning



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Chief Architect

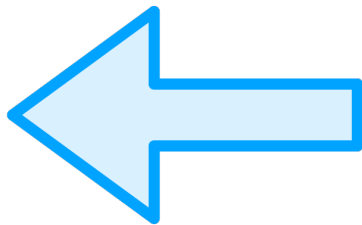
@ntfaqguy | onboardtoazure.com





Common Security and Privacy Challenges with Repositories

Shifting Security Left



Security is top of mind for every organization

The earlier threats can be identified and mitigated the better

Shifting lefts moves security early in our processes

DevSecOps integrates DevOps and Security



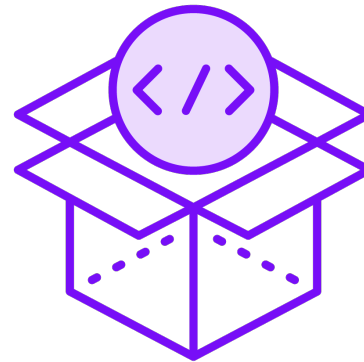
Common Sources of Vulnerability



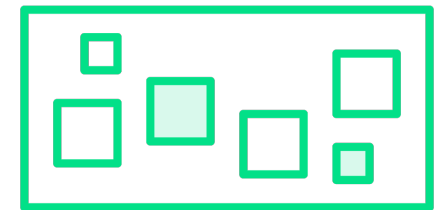
Code



Secrets



Dependencies

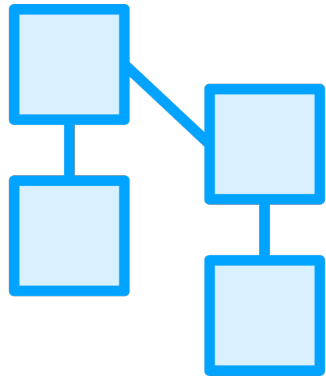


**Container
images**

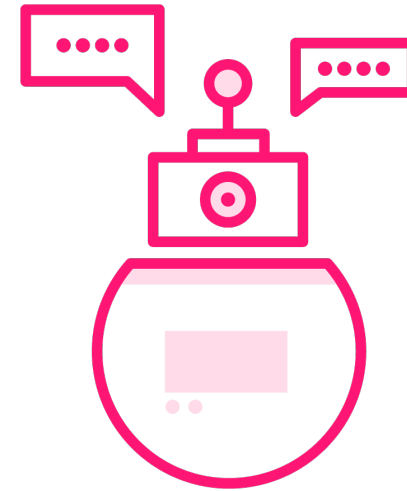


Using GitHub Advanced Security

Features for All Plans



Dependency graph



Dependabot alerts



GitHub Advanced Security License Features

Code scanning

CodeQL CLI

Secret scanning

**Custom auto-triage
rules**

Dependency review

Security advisories



Licensing for GitHub

FREE

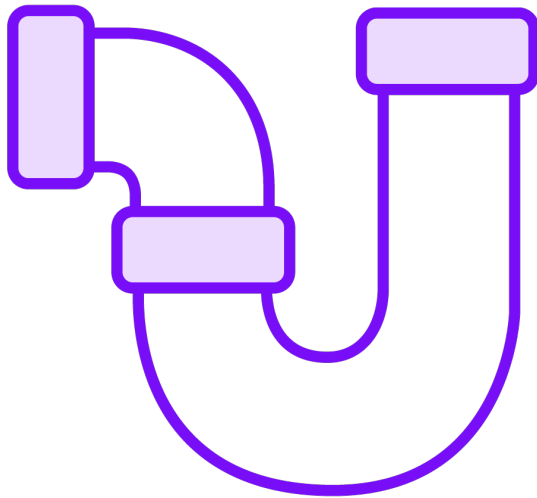
Public Repos

**GitHub
Advanced
Security
license**

Private/Internal Repos



GitHub Advanced Security for Azure DevOps



The key features are also available for Azure DevOps

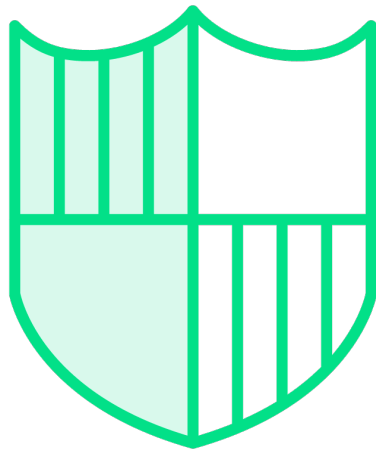
The implementation is different

Secret, dependency, and code scanning are part of the pipeline flow

Requires GitHub Advanced Security for Azure DevOps license



GitHub Integration with Defender for Cloud



GitHub organizations can be connected to Defender for Cloud

This enables advanced DevOps posture capabilities

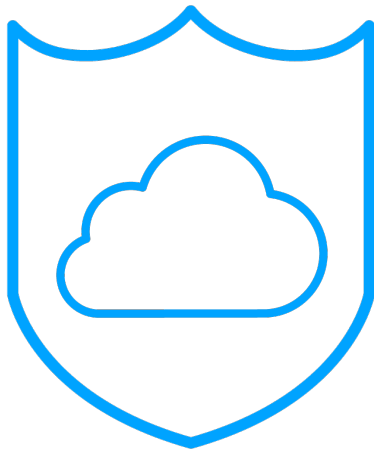
Signals from GitHub Advanced Security are fed into Defender for Cloud

Microsoft Security DevOps GitHub action is available



Using Microsoft Defender for Cloud DevOps Security

Defender for Cloud Overview



Defender for Cloud is Microsoft's full suite of security solutions

This solution works across the entire lifecycle

Works across clouds and operating systems

Has many different offerings

Posture management is at its core



Defender for Cloud DevOps Security

Works across Azure DevOps, GitHub and
GitLab

Provides unified posture management and
threat protection

Recommendations are given

Exact features vary based on free vs paid and
the DevOps solution





Enabling Code and Container Scanning

Code Scanning



Code scanning looks for vulnerabilities in your code

This includes security flaws and coding errors

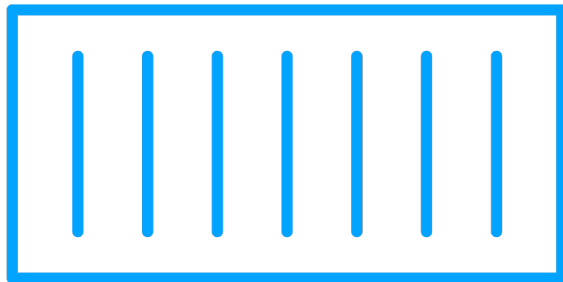
GitHub CodeQL enables code to be queryable like data

This enables standard and custom queries to identify the vulnerabilities

Often these queries will be run as part of your CICD



Container Scanning



There are two types of container scanning

- Runtime containerized application scanning
- Container image scanning

There are numerous solutions that support different aspects and platforms

- Security posture
- Vulnerability assessment
- Run-time threat protection
- Deployment & monitoring

Microsoft Defender for Containers

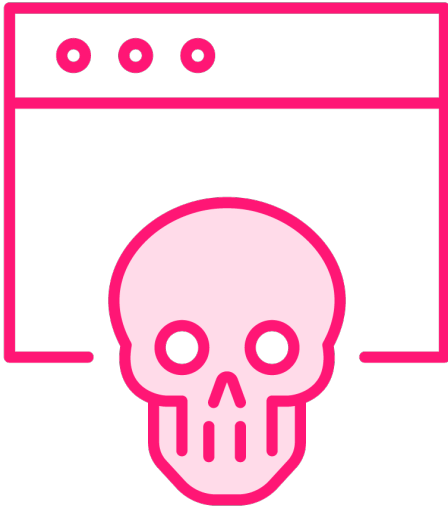
**Azure, AWS, GCP and
Arc-enabled K8S
clusters**

**Container runtime
and image scanning**

**Azure Policy for
Kubernetes**



Microsoft Defender for Vulnerability Management



Container image vulnerability scanning is performed via Defender for Vulnerability Management

This is agentless

Images are scanned shortly after addition

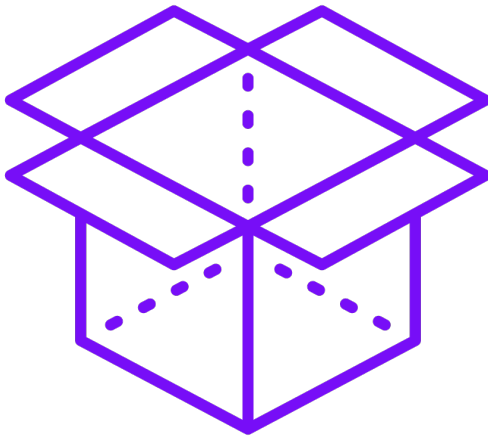
24 hour rescan cadence for in-scope images

Searches for known CVEs



Open-source Component Capabilities

Where Is Open-source Used?



Very few applications are written from scratch

Most applications use existing components for the majority of functionality

Often open-source software is utilized

It can be used during development, release and operations

Therefore, the answer is “everywhere”



What Are Open-source Challenges?

Quality

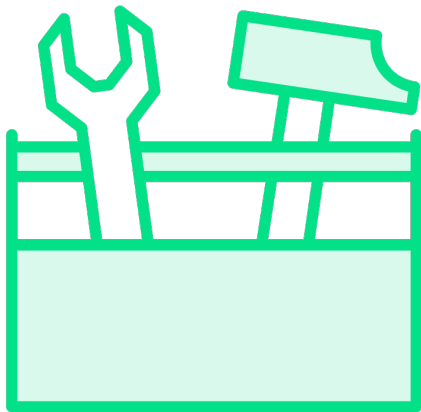
Security risks & vulnerabilities

Support & maintenance

License restrictions



Software Composition Analysis



As an organization it's critical to understand where open-source is used

Companies often want to control package management

Azure Artifacts enables complete control over packages utilized

Also use GitHub dependency graph and dependabot alerts