Purple Team Lifecycle

Overall Status: **Completed**

PB1140 - Domain Password Spray

Lifecycle Project Manager

Kent Ickler

Office: 605-939-0331

Email: kent@defensiveorigins.com

Lifecycle Kickoff: 2/1/2021Simulation Start: 2/3/2021Simulation End: 2/6/2021

Configuration Identified: 11/29/2020

Change Management Referred: 2/6/2021

Configuration Deployed: TBD

Status Code Legend	System Configuration ChangeInformation
APT Lifecycle Ingest and Research	 Lifecycle Type: Attack Simulation Lifecycle Objective: Alert Ingest Source: Atomic Purple Teaming Mitre T1110.003 https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1110/003
	Use domain password spray to check for common passwords. Identify this activity in logs.
Attack methodology	 Use DomainPasswordSpray.ps1 to spray the domain controller authentication process. powershell -ep bypass Import-module .\DomainPasswordSpray.ps1 Invoke-DomainPasswordSpray -Password Winter2020!
Defense methodology	 Search within optics stack for evidence of execution of password spray. Select the logs-endpoint-winevent-security-* index Toggle the event. Action, event_status_value, and user_name fields as columns The hunt involves timeline analysis and inspection of log entries. Note event.code 4624 and 4625 and event_status_value "Account logon with misspelled or bad password"
Lifecycle Adjustments	 Additional changes to the optics stack were not necessary, however attention was made to event.code 4624 or 4625 while analyzing on a timegraph. Aggregation can be used for threshold alerting.
Change Management	 Deploy threshold alert for event.code 4624 /w event_status_value "User logon with misspelled or bad password" Affected Users: Password Spray compromised account of Luis.Graves Rollback: Remove alert of aggregate threshold
Lessons Learned	Strong password policies can limit the effects of a password spray.