## Catching a "broken" Merge Request

It's standard practice to create separate branches for feature changes and submit them as "merge requests" to the main branch. Other people may fork your repo, make changes, and submit changes to the main codebase.

We can show this by creating and switching to a new branch.

PS C:\Tools\mycalculator> git branch dev PS C:\Tools\mycalculator> git checkout dev Switched to branch 'dev'

Next, modify the Add method in Calculator.cs to make it return an incorrect value.

PS C:\Tools\mycalculator> code .\Calculator\Calculator.cs

For example:

=> num1 \* num2;

We'll then assume that's a job well done, commit it to the dev branch and push it to the repo.

```
PS C:\Tools\mycalculator> git add . && git commit -m "update Calculator.cs"
PS C:\Tools\mycalculator> git push -u origin dev
```

Within GitLab, you'll see a notification that the dev branch is ahead of main, and that we can create a request to merge the changes from dev into the main branch.



This will create a new merge request. You can go into the request and see what changes were made etc. As the owner of the repo, we would want some assurance that the changes will not break anything in our application. We would have to pull the changes to our dev machine, build and test the changes etc.

Update Calculator.cs	Edit	Code 🗸	:
ໃຈ Open Rasta Mouse requested to merge dev ເລີ into main just now			
Overview 0 Commits 1 Pipelines 1 Changes 1			
This makes the Add method even better!			
Pipeline #3 running for cfd03795 on dev		<b>.</b>	•
8✓ Approval is optional			
Ready to merge!			
🖌 Delete source branch 🗌 Squash commits 🕜 📄 Edit commit message			
1 commit and 1 merge commit will be added to main.			
Merge when pipeline succeeds V			

However, you can see that the CI/CD pipeline was automatically triggered when the merge request was created, which will run the build and test stages automatically. The build will pass but the test will fail.



## update Calculator.cs



Pipeline Needs Jobs 2 Failed Jobs 1 Tests 0

build		test	
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We can drill down into the test stage and see the exact failures. For example:

Failed Calculator.Tests.CalculatorTests.AddTests(num1: -5, num2: 5, expected: 0) [< 1ms]
Error Message: Assert.Equal() Failure
Expected: 0
Actual: -25

As the repo owner, this lets us know that we shouldn't merge this change. As the developer, it shows us what we did wrong. We can then fix it, add a new commit to the merge request, and assuming the pipeline then passes, the changes can be merged.